

Daily Oral Language
Practice Test 2

key

Correct errors as we do in class. Follow the additional directions after the sentences.

1. ^A Its very important that you study for the exam, ^B announced Mrs. Jones, my professor in college, ^C "because its very difficult."
2. ^A Ken, you must become a very talented athlete if you want any famous ^{companies} ~~companies~~ to sponsor you, ^B added the soccer coach. ^C (Or Miss Jackson, the science teacher said, "Boys...")
3. ^B Miss Jackson, the science teacher, said, ^C "Boys and girls, only ^{35 percent} ~~thirty-five~~ % of the class passed the test."
4. ^C Wouldnt it be wonderful if ^{our} ~~are~~ friends in middle school always remembered us, ^D ~~asked~~ [?] Janet.
5. ^A Tiger Woods ^{started} ~~starts~~ playing golf when he was ^{three} ~~3~~ years old.
6. ^D When the new student came to class, everyone ^{accepted} ~~excepted~~ him very quickly.
7. ^A In the book How You Spend Your Life, the author states that you spend ^{percent} ~~33~~ % of your life in bed, ^B stated Mrs. Dormir.
8. ^A ~~When~~ ^E ~~my~~ ^{she} sister ~~she~~ ^{ate} ~~eat~~ five bags of popcorn at the movie theater last weekend.
9. ^A ^{eight} ~~8~~ glasses of ^{water} ~~H₂O~~ every day, ^B stated my doctor. ^C [?] ~~Are~~ you doing that?"
10. ^A During ^F ~~all~~ the leaves turn colors, ^{fall} ~~fell~~ off the branches, and then mess up ^{our} ~~are~~ lawns.

Over certain corrections in the sentence above, there are letters. In the blanks below, write your reason for making that correction. Do NOT write what you did; write why you did it. If you capitalized the first word in a sentence, for example, write "first word" NOT "capital letter." You must use the correct vocabulary words in order to get full credit.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| A. <u>direct quotation</u> | D. <u>introductory clause</u> |
| B. <u>appositive (direct address)</u> | E. <u>irregular verb / simple past tense</u> |
| C. <u>contraction</u> | F. <u>tense shift</u> |

Write the words that fit the definitions written below. Your spelling should be close enough to represent the word.

A sentence that tells information or is a statement is called a declarative sentence.

Commas are used to set off an appositive from the word(s) about which it gives additional information.

Use a(n) apostrophe to replace the missing letter(s) in a contraction.